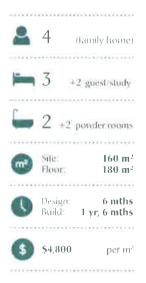


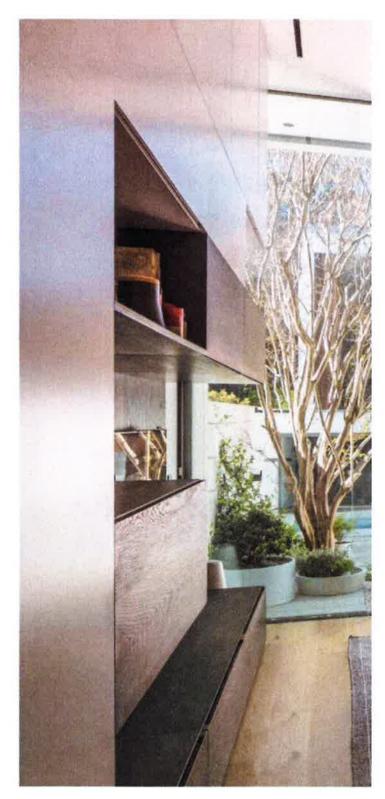
# Two Wall House by Woods Bagot

• SYDNEY, NSW •

Unfolding behind a facade just 3.7 metres wide, this light-filled and spatially expansive house provides a blueprint for successful urban infill projects.

Words by David Clark Photography by Trevor Mein





**030** HOUSES • ISSUE 120



HOUSES • ISSUE 120 031



02 Two layers of skylights allow daylight to flood the wall of the living space. Artwork (L-R): Linus Bill and Adrien Horni; Anton Parsons; Dion Horstmans.

03 A zinc-clad roof slopes back from the 3,7metre-wide frontage, momentarily disguising the house's modernity.

n the current and urgent discussions about the density of Australian cities, the models for urban infill, highrise nodal points or development corridors are too often developer-driven, cost-cutting, sub-quality misadventures that can leave us anxious about our future urbanscapes and civic communities.

Politicians, planners, councillors and developers might learn much from an infill project like Two Wall House in Lilyfield, Sydney. Woods Bagot principal and design director Domenic Alvaro designed the home for himself, his partner Sue and their two daughters.

It's a gem of a house – light-filled and spatially expansive, unfolding TARDIS-like behind a small and discreet facade just 3.7 metres wide. It nestles in beside a grander, older two-storey terrace house. Steelwork details in the balustrading and fencing hint at a connection between the two properties. A zinc-clad roof slopes back from the frontage, disguising its modernity, which, on closer inspection, is given away by the seamless design detailing of the timber, glass, steel and stone and an over-scaled dormer window above.

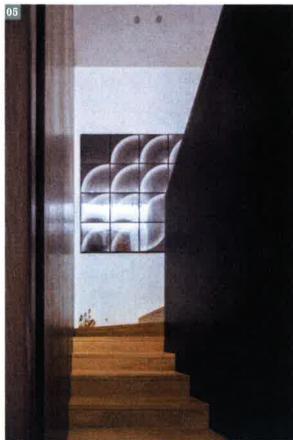
The project was a collaboration between Domenic and a friend. They bought the terrace house, which sat in the corner of a large block of land, with a plan to create two properties – one for each of them. The existing house took up 4.85 metres of the street frontage, leaving a sliver of land running down the side not quite wide enough to build a house that would make financial and architectural sense.

The idea that unlocked the entire scheme was to excavate into the existing house by 700 millimetres, keeping the original Victorian facade intact and creating a new party wall that democratically gives each property an equivalent width of 4.2 metres. Immediately behind the narrower facade of the new dwelling, the interior extends across to the new party wall, taking advantage of the extra width. The additional 700 millimetres – about the depth of modern joinery – allows enough habitable space for a comfortable home. The spaces have been masterfully arranged between the two long boundary walls, primarily using joinery to define rooms and living zones.

At the front is a compact and elegant sitting room. A frangipani

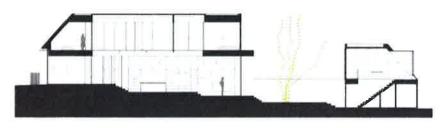






04 A long white wall, carrying the clients' expanding art collection, draws the eye through the house to the courtyard.

05 The stairway, designed for efficiency of space, brings a modernist material quality to the house. Artwork: Norman Carlberg.



**Section 1:400** 

0 fm

034 HOUSES • ISSUE 120



tree filters light through the large glass wall, which can be made private with roller blinds. This doubles as a guestroom, where furniture can be shifted to the edges and a bed pulled down from the dark timber joinery wall. It's a European-scale solution to hospitality. A pivoting door creates privacy and just beyond it is a powder room tucked beside the stairs.

From here, the house expands with space and light, and a very "Australian" feel is strikingly evident from the front door. It's rare to walk into a narrow row house and see so much light ahead. A long white wall, unadorned except for art that will continue to be collected over time, takes the eye through the house to the courtyard beyond. Two layers of skylights, one at the edge of the upstairs corridor and another in the roof above it, allow daylight to flood down the wall. Sculptures cast shadows and the shifting sun creates its own play of light.

At the entry the ceiling height is 2.7 metres. From here the house steps down under a constant ceiling plane so that by the time you're at the courtyard edge, it's nudging four metres. It's a lovely spatial sequence, moving from the compact scale of the front room to the expanse at the back, and the home has all the amenity of a luxurious open-plan apartment but with a grand sense of height and space. Vast sliding doors open onto the courtyard, elegantly designed by Daniel Baffsky of 360 Degrees Landscape Architects. Here, architectural detailing, considered materials and planting

provide a mix of textures and tones. There is a plunge pool and finally a garage with Domenic's studio above it.

Domenic defines this main living space with floor levels, joinery and accomplished detailing. The kitchen and dining table are on one level, and a few steps down is the living area with a large sofa. White joinery walls provide ample storage for day-to-day living and darker oak joinery provides visual contrast and marks out a different amenity – a wet bar with Domenic's whisky collection, for instance. This works as a family and entertaining space, accommodating kids, guests, meals, drinks with friends, television and lounging.

The stairs to the upper level, immediately behind the front room, are formed from eight-millimetre steel (like the stairs in the garage/studio), another way to save space that might otherwise be taken up by walling and add a modernist material quality. Upstairs, under the dormer window, is one kid's room. Then a large bathroom beside the stairs, a second child's room and finally, behind a pivoting door, the main suite with large wardrobe walls for Domenic and Sue, and an ensuite off the bedroom.

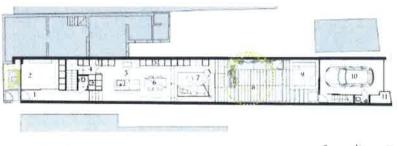
Domenic likes to experiment with housing models in urban spaces. His previous home was a multi-level project built on a 47-square-metre block in inner Sydney. It won him accolades and a World Architecture Festival award in 2011. This one, a different typology for filling in urban space, is just as accomplished. 30



07 An over-scaled dormer window provides a place to sit and brings light into a child's bedroom.



First floor 1:400



Ground floor 1:400





- Entry
- Formal living/guestroom
- Kitchen Laundry Storage Dining
- 4 5 6 7 8

- Living Courtyard Pool

- 10 Garage
  11 Plant
  12 Bedroom
  13 Main bedroom
  14 Study/bedroom (self-contained)



08 High-quality materials and architectural detailing contribute to a sense of expansion in this urban infill project.

#### **Architect Woods** Bagot

+61 2 9249 2500 contact@woodsbagot.com woodsbagot.com

#### Project team

Domenic Alvaro, Simon Lee, Amy Lee

### Consultants

Engineer: Tall Ideas
Consulting Engineers
Landscaping: 360 Degrees Landscape Architects Joinery: Élan

Planning: Planning Lab Heritage: Urbis

Certifier: Inner West Council **Lighting:** Light Practice

#### **Products**

Roofing: Lysaght Colorbond

roofing

External and internal walls:

Concrete masonry Windows: Vitrosca aluminium windows in 'Slate Grey'; Aneeta sashless windows in 'Slate Grey'; Alessi Design Group blinds and awnings in 'Bronze Grey' Doors: Custom timber doors, designed by the architect, manufactured by the joiner **Flooring**: Solid American

oak flooring

Lighting: XAL lighting from ECC Lighting and Furniture Kitchen: Fiandre Marmi Lab Statuario benchtops from Artedomus; Miele appliances **Bathroom:** Agape Sen

fittings and Fiandre Maximum surfaces from Artedomus

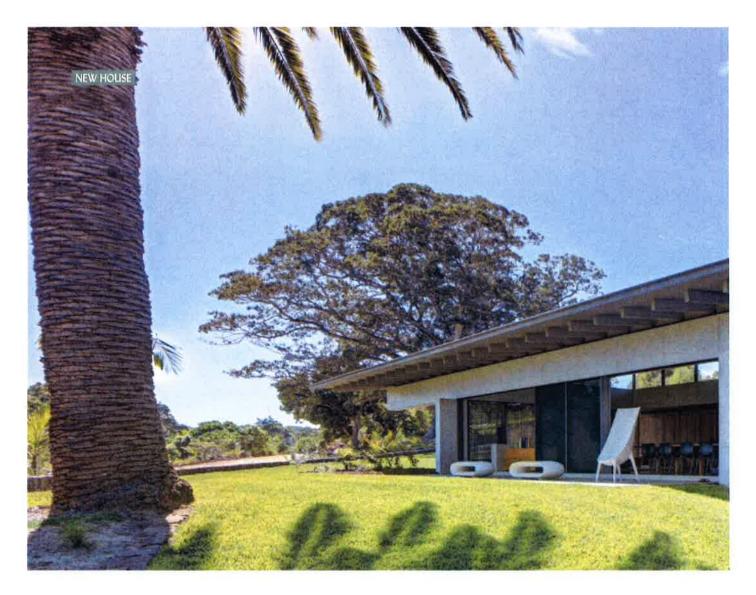
Heating and cooling: Ducted reverse-cycle

airconditioning

External elements: Anston Architectural paving and

pool in 'Vega'

Other: Bassam Fellows wood frame lounge seating, Tractor stools, Circular table, Tray Rack side table, Kant table, Mantis chairs, E15 Habibi side table, Walter Knoll Oki occasional table and La Chance Salute coffee table, all from Living Edge; B&B Italia Mart armchair, Tufty-Too sofa and Husk armchair and footstool from Space Furniture

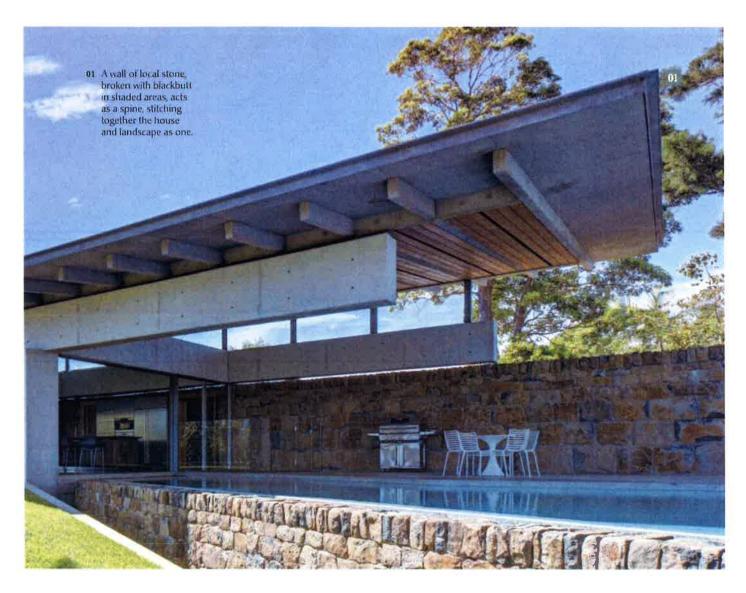


## Lune de Sang Pavilion by <u>CHROFI</u>

• NORTHERN RIVERS, NSW •

In a slow-growth forest in the Byron Bay hinterland, the final dwelling in a collection of powerful, monumental concrete structures has been completed – all designed to endure.

Words by Trisha Croaker Photography by Brett Boardman

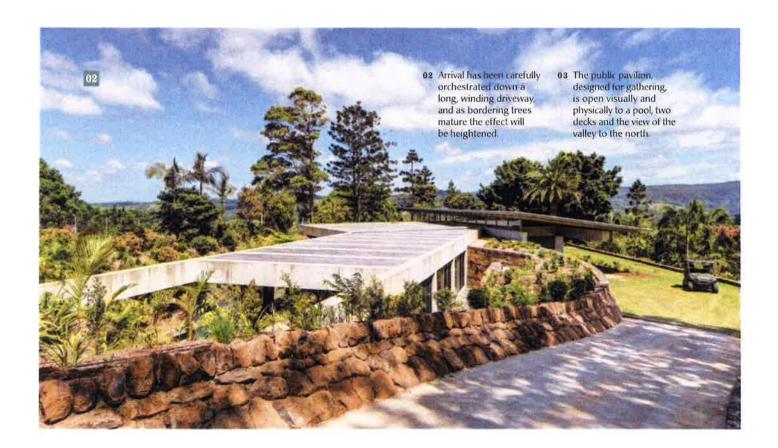


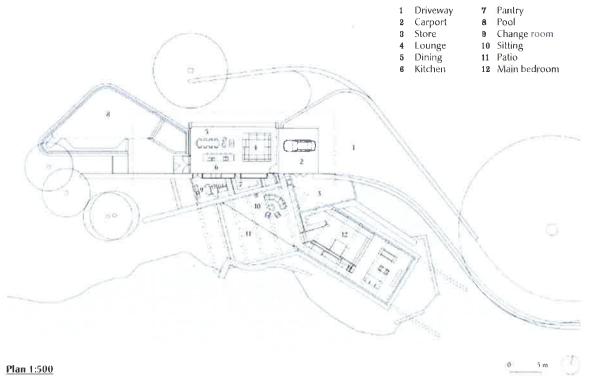
n a world alarmingly besieged by impermanence, the exploration of architectural permanence is an all-too-rare occurrence. Even rarer is the investigation of houses designed as current and future ruins; and of dwellings designed to stand in a potentially post-apocalyptic world. Such rigorous questioning lies at the heart of an extraordinary series of future-focused buildings in the Byron Bay hinterland.

Conceived as relics in the landscape, the three complementary projects on the site offer themselves as deceptively simple concrete and stone carcasses; like ancient structures that have been rediscovered and made exquisitely habitable, but which may at some stage be reclaimed by the forest. Their creation is the result of a decade-long collaboration between Sydney-based practice CHROFI and clients Andy and Deirdre Plummer, the owners of a former dairy property, which they are transforming into a 115-hectare slow-growth hardwood forest specializing in hard-to-find cabinet timber species. With some species taking three hundred years to mature, this is an enterprise focused on glorious varieties of the past being grown for the future.

The Lune de Sang Pavilion, the most recent building to be completed on the site, joins Stone House (see Houses 100), the Lune de Sang Sheds (see Architecture Australia vol 103 no 1), General Manager's Residence and guest houses nearby. The single-storey pavilion forms the hub for farm life. In addition to longevity, the owners required a house that would accommodate two very disparate needs. With a big extended family, they needed their home to be robust yet clegant, catering for large and frequent gatherings. It also needed to afford a private space for Andy in particular to retreat to when desired. They wanted prospect and refuge in equal measure and for the dwelling to be "embedded, sutured and stitched" into the landscape.

The arrival has been carefully orchestrated down a long, winding driveway. As bordering trees mature, the effect will be a heightened, theatrical one with tree canopies giving way to openness and views in a sequence designed for maximum effect. First impressions are of a deceptively simple structure, a powerful form composed of three dramatic elements. A rectangular in situ concrete and glass-sided box stretches east-west, massive concrete roof beams and columns







embedding the house. Along the southern elevation, a seemingly impenetrable wall of local stone, broken only with blackbutt in shaded areas, acts as a spine, stitching the house and landscape as onc. Overhead, a strong yet surprisingly delicate oversized steel skillion roof lifts gracefully from the south and swoops to the north, hovering widely and tautly over four roof beams, two cantilevered dramatically to the east and west. The overall result is one of superbly tensioned lightness and strength, flight and permanence.

This box is the more public pavilion and gathering space, appearing initially as one large room catering to social activities such as cooking and dining. Open visually and physically to the north, west and east to a pool and two decks (all protected with massive roof overhangs), it reaches out to the valley while framing distant views. Materials have been pared to the minimum, with honed concrete floors below and golden blackbutt panelling above. A wall of vertical blackbutt panelling along the southern elevation (topped with clerestory windows) conceals a series of annexes housing a bathroom, butler's pantry and mudroom.

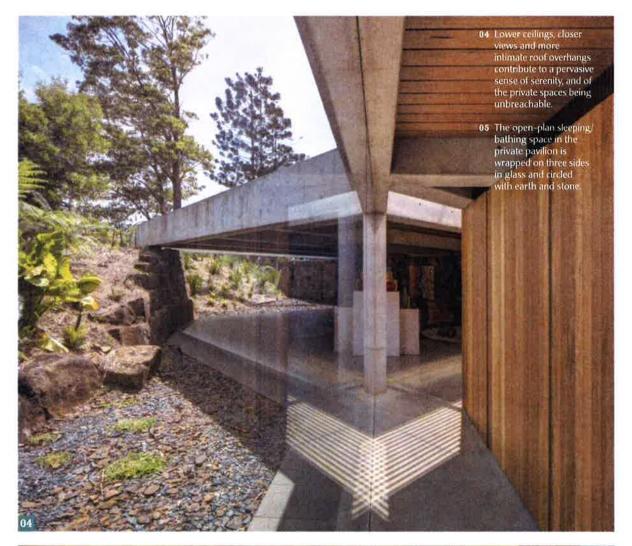
Rarely is the line between public and private spaces as strongly drawn as in this home, which has a second pavilion for sleeping, bathing and reclining physically separated and hidden from the living space. From the living area, you must go outside to go inside the private spaces. The private pavilion will become increasingly hidden as plantings mature.

Aiding this demarcation is one of the precinct's many sinuous stone walls, applied not just as a respectful nod to the owners' love of sculptor Andy Goldsworthy's work and old pioneer walls on site, but in this instance also to rise up and conceal, along with an earth berm, the almost subterranean private world behind it.

Entry to the private pavilion is through a cleverly camouflaged blackbutt door that leads into a world of much greater intimacy and beguiling geometries. Replacing the public rectangle's soaring ceiling is a flat-roofed exploded tangram – a series of geometries stretched and frictioned past one another to create one fluid space kinked and divided by cabinetry. Replacing the few massive concrete beams and columns of the public pavilion is a continuous sequence of concrete roof ribs and legs, consciously holding spaces securely. The lower ceilings, closer views, more intimate roof overhangs and tangible evidence of the house and roof anchoring to the site all contribute to a pervasive sense of serenity, and of it being unbreachable.

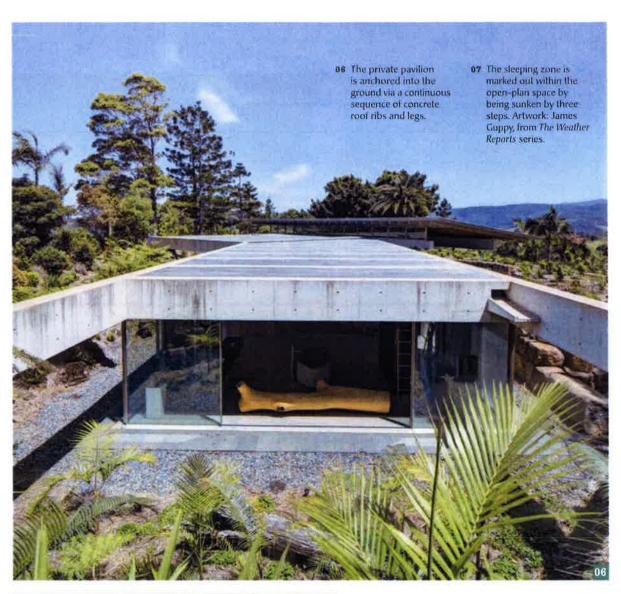
A corridor, with a wall of blackbutt cabinetry and a skylight, divides a rectangular sleeping/bathing/dressing space to the east and a triangulated reclining/art space to the west. In the latter, CHROFI has stretched the internal space north-west to a fine tip, and the roof overhang south-west in a similar fashion. With full-height doors leading to a covered outdoor terrace, backed internally by an unbroken stone wall and circled externally by mounded earth and stone, the effect is of an airy and luxurious cave. It is a secure retreat in which to enjoy an extraordinary collection of art, including works by Claudia Borella, Richard Whiteley and the owner, Andy Plummer.

This subterranean idea is further explored in the open-plan sleeping/bathing space, wrapped on three sides in glass and circled with earth and stone, with the bedroom carved out of the floor and dropped three steps lower. It's hard not to think that in lesser hands, any of these strategies could have resulted in an oppressive space. But here they are liberating, speaking of freedom and containment, flight and permanence. Like the rest of this joyous dwelling, these are spaces that simply belong here. In perpetuity.





062 HOUSES • ISSUE 120











HOUSES • ISSUE 120



#### **Architect** CHROFI

+61 2 8096 8500 info@chrofi.com chrofi.com

#### **Project team**

John Choi, Jerome Caleaux, Steven Fighera, Tai Ropiha, Clinton Weaver, Eoin Healy, Max Kamlah, Elke Jacobsen, Olivia Savio-Matev, Albert Quizon, Dmitriy Lewicki, Ria Chaney

#### <u>Builder</u>

Cedar Creek Construction

Consultants Engineer: KPH Consulting Lighting: Lo-Fi Cost planner: QS Plus

#### **Products**

**Roofing:** Lysaght Spandek; ironbark timber decking; in silu concrete; cuslom in situ concrete splitters External walls: Bush rock; in situ concrete Internal walls: Blackbutt

vertical cladding
Windows and doors:
Vitrocsa windows and doors Flooring: Honed in situ concrete; ironbark decking Kitchen: Custom island bench and kitchen wall by Boffi

Bathroom: Custom cantilevered basalt-clad vanity; custom milled log bench; Rogerseller sanitaryware; Boffi fixtures Heating and cooling: Infloor hydronic heating External elements: Basalt pavers in split finish; Kronos

Cava Alborensis pool tiles in 'Aran' from Rocks On; Moodie Outdoor Products reinforced concrete grass pavers